

Homework 20 : Due Wednesday, November 4

Problem 1: Using the Fundamental Theorem of Finite Abelian Groups, find all abelian groups up to isomorphism of each of the following orders:

- Order 343.
- Order 200.
- Order 900.

Problem 2: We know from the Fundamental Theorem of Finite Abelian groups that every abelian group is isomorphic to a direct product of cyclic groups of the form \mathbb{Z}_{p^α} . Determine those cyclic groups explicitly for each of the following.

- $U(9)$
- $U(15)$

Hint: You don't need to construct explicit isomorphisms. You know it must be isomorphic to one of the them, so you can use process of elimination.

Problem 3: In class, we proved that \mathbb{Z}_p is an abelian simple group for all primes p . In this problem, we show that these are the only abelian simple groups (up to isomorphism). *Without using the Fundamental Theorem of Finitely Generated Abelian Groups*, show the following.

- Suppose that G is a finite abelian group of composite (i.e. nonprime) order $n > 1$. Show that G is not simple.
- Suppose that G is an infinite abelian group. Show that G is not simple.

Hint: Consider the various cyclic subgroups of G .

Problem 4: Let G be the set of all functions $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$ (you can think of elements of G as infinite sequences of 0's and 1's). Define an operation $+$ on G by letting $f + g$ be the function where $(f + g)(n) = f(n) + g(n)$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

- Show that G with the operation $+$ is an abelian group.
- Show that every nonidentity element of G has order 2.
- Show that G is not finitely generated.
- (Ungraded Challenge Problem) Show that $G \times G \cong G$.